

Aanya Maritime Inc.
Panama City, Republic of Panama

**Financial Statements &
Independent Auditor's Report
for the year ended March 31, 2020**

Aanya Maritime Inc.
Panama City, Republic of Panama

Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020
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Director's Report

The director of the Company has pleasure in submitting this report along with the financial statements of Aanya Maritime Inc., Panama City, Republic of Panama for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Legal status and shareholder:

Aanya Maritime Inc. is incorporated and registered in Panama City, Republic of Panama under Microjacket no. 732232 and Document no. 1953611 of the Mercantile Section of Public Registry Office under Public Deed no. 7920 dated 7th April 2011.

M/s Adani Shipping Pte. Ltd., a private company limited by shares registered in Singapore under ACRA (Accounting & Corporate Regulatory Authority) and having registration no. 200614235E is the sole shareholder of the Company holding share capital of USD 1,000/- (50 shares of USD 20/- each). The registered address of M/s Adani Shipping Pte. Ltd. is 80, Raffles Place, #33-20 UOB Plaza II, Level 33, Singapore 048624.

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of M/s Adani Shipping Pte. Ltd., incorporated in Singapore. The ultimate parent company is M/s Adani Enterprise Limited, a public listed company incorporated in India having company identification no. L51100GJ1993PLC019067 and registered address is Adani House, Shrimali Society, Mithakhali Six Road, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad, Gujarat – 380009.

Operations of the Company:

The Company is incorporated to engage in any lawful act or activity which are not prohibited under the jurisdiction of Republic of Panama and the Company has been incorporated as a special purpose vehicle for providing shipping and logistics services primarily to its shareholder and the shareholder's group. The Company is principally engaged in the activity of shipping agents, ship owner & ship charterer during the year under review.

COVID-19 outbreak & resultant disruptions to economic activities may have impact on the Company's operations & financial performance.

Management is in the process of carrying out detailed assessment that this event would have and pending this assessment, it would not be able to quantify the impact, this event may have on the Company's operations, financial performance, liquidity, solvency as well as going concern assumption. Management of the Company, based on its preliminary assessment & review, assures that it would be able to continue its operations in the foreseeable future and parent company would provide necessary financial support, as and when required. Hence these financial statements are prepared on a going concern assumption.

The financial highlights of the Company are as below:

	<u>2019-20</u>	<u>2018-19</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Revenue	8,418,000	8,395,000
Gross profit	4,187,554	4,172,270
Net profit	2,462,551	2,038,122
Total liabilities	24,814,988	29,468,024
Equity & shareholder's funds	18,742,370	16,279,819

Results & dividend:

Net profit for the year amounted to USD 2,462,551/- (previous year earned net profit of USD 2,038,122/-).

Current year net profit alongwith opening balance of retained earnings is proposed to be carried forward.

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Aquilino de la Guardia Street No. 8,
ORGA Building P.O. Box 0823-02435,
Republic of Panama

Page 2**Management's responsibilities & acknowledgements:**

We confirm that management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs), local laws, rules & regulations of the country of incorporation and the applicable provisions of the Charter of Incorporation of the Company.

This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Company's management further states that there are no material uncertainties which would make the going concern assumption inappropriate.

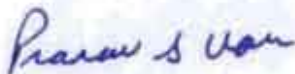
Events occurring after the reporting date:

There were no significant events occurring after the reporting date that would materially affect the working or the financial statements of the Company.

Auditors:

The Company's auditors, M/s Kothari Auditors & Accountants, Dubai (U.A.E.) are retiring at the end of the annual general meeting of the shareholder and being eligible have expressed their willingness to be re-appointed. A resolution to re-appoint them for the year 2020-21 and to fix their remuneration would be put up before the shareholder at the annual general meeting.

For Aanya Maritime Inc.



Pranav Vora
Director

April 23, 2020
Dubai, United Arab Emirates



Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholder of

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Opinion:

We have audited the financial statements of Aanya Maritime Inc., Panama City, Republic of Panama (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2020, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity & shareholder's funds and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes & schedule to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Aanya Maritime Inc. (the Company) as at March 31, 2020, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs) applied on a consistent basis.

Basis for opinion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Panama City, Republic of Panama, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainty relating to going concern:

The COVID-19 outbreak has caused disruptions throughout the world impacting the economic activities with forecast of economic downturns in several parts of the world. Management of the Company has, based on its preliminary assessment & review, assured that the Company would be able to continue its operations in the foreseeable future and financial support, if any, would be provided as and when required.

The management of the Company after considering the future projections of revenue, profitability and cash flows is confident that the Company would be able to honor its commitments as and when they fall due and the Company would be able to operate for the immediate next 12 months. Moreover, the parent Company has resolved to provide financial support to the Company as and when required. Hence the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern assumption.

Emphasis of matter:

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw your attention to the following:

- The current liabilities exceed current asset by USD 14,514,075/- & the total liabilities (USD 24,814,988/-) are approximately 1.32 times equity & shareholder's funds (USD 18,742,370/-) indicating liquidity crunch and high leverage respectively. However the management has reviewed the Company's revenue and cost structures and has concluded that liquid funds will be available and further, shareholder has confirmed that necessary financial assistance will be provided as and when required.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements:

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs), local laws, rules and regulations of the country of incorporation and applicable provisions of the Charter of Incorporation of the Company and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud and error.

كوتهاري لتدقيق الحسابات

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Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

To the shareholder of

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements can be found at Kothari Auditors & Accountants website page link at <http://www.kothariauditors.com/standards-commercial-company-laws-dubai.html>. This description forms part of our independent auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements:

Further, we report that:

- We have obtained all the information we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- The financial statements have been prepared and comply, in all material respects, with the applicable provisions of the Charter of Incorporation of the Company.
- The Company has maintained proper books of accounts and the financial statements are in agreement therewith.
- The financial information included in the Director's Report is consistent with the books of accounts and records of the Company.
- The Company has not purchased or invested in any shares during the financial year ended March 31, 2020.
- Note no. 4.1 to the financial statements discloses material related party transactions, and the terms under which they were conducted.
- Based on the information that has been made available to us, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Company has contravened, during the financial year ended March 31, 2020, any of the applicable provisions of the Charter of Incorporation of the Company which would materially affect its activities or its financial position as at March 31, 2020.

V R Kothari

Kothari Vipul R.

Ministry of Economy Registration No. 159

Kothari Auditors & Accountants

April 23, 2020

Dubai, United Arab Emirates

Ref: D/RP-2360/2020



Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Statement of Financial Position as at March 31, 2020

Particulars	Note no.	2020 USD	2019 USD
Assets:			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant & equipment	Sch 1	43,313,454	45,476,789
		43,313,454	45,476,789
Current assets			
Inventories	5	91,576	148,796
Deposits, prepayments & advances	6	80,783	34,819
Cash & bank balances	7	71,545	87,439
		243,904	271,054
Total assets employed		43,557,358	45,747,843
Equity, shareholder's funds & liabilities:			
Equity & shareholder's funds			
Share capital	8	1,000	1,000
Reserves & surplus	9	18,741,370	16,278,819
Equity		18,742,370	16,279,819
Non-current liabilities			
Finance lease	10	10,057,009	17,479,725
		10,057,009	17,479,725
Current liabilities			
Provisions, accruals & other liabilities	11	122,020	140,757
Amounts due to related parties	12	7,213,243	4,937,166
Finance lease	10	7,422,716	6,910,376
		14,757,979	11,988,299
Total liabilities		24,814,988	29,468,024
Total equity, shareholder's funds & liabilities		43,557,358	45,747,843

The attached note nos. 1 - 21 and schedule no. 1 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 - 4. The director has approved & authorized the issuance of these financial statements on April 23, 2020.

For Aanya Maritime Inc.

Pranav Vora

Pranav Vora
Director



Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	Note no.	2019-20 USD	2018-19 USD
Revenue	13	8,418,000	8,395,000
Direct costs	14	<u>(4,230,446)</u>	<u>(4,222,730)</u>
Gross profit		4,187,554	4,172,270
Other income	15	-	500
Marketing costs	16	(2,801)	(2,696)
Administrative costs	17	(70,171)	(73,816)
Finance costs	18	(1,646,986)	(2,053,363)
Other expenses	19	<u>(5,045)</u>	<u>(4,773)</u>
Net profit for the year		<u>2,462,551</u>	<u>2,038,122</u>

The attached note nos. 1 - 21 and schedule no. 1 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 - 4. The director has approved & authorized the issuance of these financial statements on April 23, 2020.

For Aanya Maritime Inc.

Pranav Vora

Pranav Vora
Director



Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Statement of Changes in Equity & Shareholder's Funds for the year ended March 31, 2020

	Amount in U.S. Dollars (USD)		
	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at March 31, 2018	1,000	14,240,697	14,241,697
Net profit for the year	-	2,038,122	2,038,122
Net movements	-	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2019	1,000	16,278,819	16,279,819
Net profit for the year	-	2,462,551	2,462,551
Net movements	-	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2020	1,000	18,741,370	18,742,370

The attached note nos. 1 - 21 and schedule no. 1 form an integral part of these financial statements.
Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 - 4.

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	Note no.	2019-20 USD	2018-19 USD
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net profit for the year		2,462,551	2,038,122
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment		2,163,335	2,163,335
Finance costs		<u>1,646,986</u>	<u>2,053,363</u>
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital		6,272,872	6,254,820
Working capital changes:			
Movement in inventories		57,220	(1,245)
Movement in deposits, prepayments & advances		(45,964)	40,766
Movement in provisions, accruals & other liabilities		<u>(18,737)</u>	<u>(172,539)</u>
Net cash generated from operating activities		<u>6,265,391</u>	<u>6,121,802</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Movement in finance lease		(6,910,376)	(6,433,399)
Finance cost		(1,646,986)	(2,053,363)
Movement in amounts due to related parties		<u>2,276,077</u>	<u>2,316,203</u>
Net cash (used in) financing activities		<u>(6,281,285)</u>	<u>(6,170,559)</u>
Net movement in cash & cash equivalents		(15,894)	(48,757)
Cash & cash equivalents at beginning of the year		<u>87,439</u>	<u>136,196</u>
Cash & cash equivalents at end of the year	7	<u>71,545</u>	<u>87,439</u>

The attached note nos. 1 - 21 and schedule no.1 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 - 4.

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

1. Legal status and activity:

Aanya Maritime Inc. is incorporated and registered in Panama City, Republic of Panama under Microjacket no. 732232 and Document no. 1953611 of the Mercantile Section of Public Registry Office under Public Deed no. 7920 dated 7th April 2011.

M/s Adani Shipping Pte. Ltd., a private company limited by shares registered in Singapore under ACRA (Accounting & Corporate Regulatory Authority) and having registration no. 200614235E is the sole shareholder of the Company holding share capital of USD 1,000/- (50 shares of USD 20/- each). The registered address of M/s Adani Shipping Pte. Ltd. is 80, Raffles Place, #33-20 UOB Plaza II, Level 33, Singapore 048624.

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of M/s Adani Shipping Pte. Ltd., incorporated in Singapore. The ultimate parent company is M/s Adani Enterprise Limited, a public listed company incorporated in India having company identification no. L51100GJ1993PLC019067 and registered address is Adani House, Shrimali Society, Mithakhali Six Road, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad, Gujarat – 380009.

The principal place of business is Aquilino de la Guardia Street no. 8, IGRA Building, Fifth Floor, Panama City, Republic of Panama and registered address of the company is Post Box 0823-02435.

The Company is incorporated to engage in any lawful act or activity which are not prohibited under the jurisdiction of Republic of Panama and that the Company has been incorporated as a special purpose vehicle for providing shipping and logistics services primarily to its shareholder and the shareholder's group. The company is principally engaged in the activity of shipping agents, ship owner & ship charterer during the year under review.

2. Basis of preparation:

2.1. Statement of compliance:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs), issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

2.2. Basis of measurement:

These financial statements have been prepared under the going concern assumption and historical cost convention.

COVID-19 outbreak & resultant disruptions to economic activities may have impact on the Company's operations & financial performance.

Management is in the process of carrying out detailed assessment that this event would have and pending this assessment, it would not be able to quantify the impact, this event may have on the Company's operations, financial performance, liquidity, solvency as well as going concern assumption. Management of the Company, based on its preliminary assessment & review, assures that it would be able to continue its operations in the foreseeable future and parent company would provide necessary financial support, as and when required. Hence these financial statements are prepared on a going concern assumption.

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

2.3. Basis of accounting and coverage:

The Company follows the accrual basis of accounting except for statement of cashflows which is prepared on a cash basis. Under the accrual basis, the transactions and events are recognized as and when they occur and are recorded in the financial statements for the period to which they relate to.

The financial statements enclosed cover the period from April 01, 2019 to March 31, 2020. Previous year figures are for the period from April 01, 2018 to March 31, 2019 and have been regrouped where necessary.

2.4. Functional & presentation currency:

The financial statements are presented in United States Dollars (USD), which is also the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in USD has been rounded off to the nearest US Dollars.

2.5. Use of estimates & judgments:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS for SMEs requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future period affected & same are mentioned under respective accounting policy note.

The following accounting estimates and management judgments which are material in nature, have been considered, in the preparation of financial statements.

- Useful lives of property, plant & equipment:

Company's management estimates the useful life of property, plant & equipment & residual value for calculating depreciation. It reviews the estimated life & residual value on annual basis & future depreciation expense would be adjusted where the management believes that useful life differs from the previous estimates.

The useful life of the vessel is as determined by the management of the Company. The management has estimated the useful life of the vessel as at reporting date as 25 years.

The Company's management has estimated the residual value of USD 6,009,264/- being 10% of the original cost of its vessel at the end of its estimated useful life. Any changes in residual value estimation would have effect on depreciation expense. During the year under review, the company has not made any revision in the residual value and hence would not effect current year depreciation

- Impairment of property, plant & equipment:

The Company has not carried any valuation of its vessel, as at reporting date. However the management, based on the current chartering rates & the replacement cost of the similar vessel, estimates that the net realisable value of the vessel exceeds the carrying value & hence impairment is not required.

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

- Obsolescence of inventories:

Inventories are subjected to ageing & obsolescence test on a periodical basis by management on damaged, obsolete and slow moving inventories. These reviews require judgments and estimates. Possible changes in these estimates could result in revisions to the valuation of inventories.

Management estimates that no reserve of obsolescence of inventory is required to be created against inventories.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies:

The following accounting policies have been consistently applied by the management in preparation of the financial statements except where stated here under:

3.1. Inventories:

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value (estimated selling price less cost to complete and selling expenses). Cost includes aggregate of purchase price, including applicable cost to bring the inventory to the present condition, valued at 'first-in-first-out' method.

Any excess of carrying amount, over the net realizable value is charged immediately as obsolescence through statement of comprehensive income. Inventory items, are netted off after giving effect of losses arising out of consumption.

3.2. Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant & equipment (Vessel), is carried at their cost of acquisition including any incidental expenses related to acquisition or installation, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Depreciation has been provided on straight line method over the estimated useful lives after reducing the residual value from the cost of acquisition, as determined by the management.

Property, plant & equipment is, at the reporting date, subject to impairment. Where any indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount is written down to its recoverable amount.

The management's estimate of useful life is as follows:

Vessel	25 years
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The residual value, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefit from these assets, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. The asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to expenses as incurred and renewals and improvements, which extend the life of the asset, are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining life of the asset.

The gain or loss on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the asset's carrying amount. These are recognised under 'other income or expense' in the statement of comprehensive income.

A decline in the value of property, plant & equipment could have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in these financial statements. Management assesses the impairment of property, plant and equipment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

Factors that are considered important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant changes in the technology and regulatory environments.
- evidence from internal reporting which indicates that the economic performance of the asset is, or will be, worse than expected.

3.3. Financial instruments:

The Company recognizes a financial instrument (being a financial asset or financial liability) only when the Company becomes a part of the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Accounting policy relevant to each type of financial instrument is as follows:

Cash & cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents comprises balance with bank in current account.

Other financial assets:

Other financial assets are recognised initially at transaction value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. However, all other financial assets have a value on realization in the ordinary course of the Company's business, which is at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the statement of financial position.

Other financial liabilities:

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at transaction value, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

A financial asset (or where applicable a part of a financial asset or a part of group of similar financial assets) is derecognised either when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass through' arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Company intends to settle on a net basis.

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

3.4. Impairment of non-financial assets:

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

3.5. Impairment of financial assets:

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that a specific financial asset may be impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if and only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event (events) has an impact on the estimated future cashflows of the financial assets or the group of financial assets can be readily estimated.

If such evidence exists, any impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Impairment is determined as follows.

- For assets carried at fair value, impairment is the difference between the cost and fair value less any impairment loss previously recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.
- For assets carried at cost, impairment is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of future cashflows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar asset.
- For assets carried at amortized cost, impairment is the difference between carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cashflows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest.

Reversal of impairment losses recognised in prior years is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognised for the financial asset no longer exist or have decreased and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised.

3.6. Leases:

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the lessee. All other leases are operating leases.

Finance lease:

The vessel taken on finance lease is capitalized at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value or the present value of minimum lease payments and a liability is created for an equivalent amount. Each lease rental paid is allocated between the liability and interest cost, so as to obtain a constant periodic rate of interest on outstanding liability for each period.

Assets held under finance lease are included in property, plant & equipment, depreciated and are subject to impairment.

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

3.7. Employee benefits:

Employee benefits, if any, have been provided for in accordance with the contractual terms with the employees, but are however subject to minimum of applicable labour law requirements. The accrual relating to annual leave and leave passage, if any, is disclosed as current liability, while the provision relating to end of service benefits is disclosed as non-current liability.

3.8. Provisions & contingencies:

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits would be required to settle these obligations, and a reliable estimate of the same can be made.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes to financial statements. A disclosure of contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When likelihood of outflow is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

3.9. Revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates & duties.

Hire income:

Revenue represents income from ship charter, demurrage and other related services income. Chartering revenue is recognised evenly over the lives of the time charter agreements and demurrage and other related service income is recognised when the right to receive is established.

Other income:

Other income is recognized as & when due or received whichever is earlier.

3.10. Expenditure:

Expenses are accounted for on the accrual basis and provisions are made for all known losses and liabilities. Expenses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income, classified according to the function of expense.

3.11. Foreign currencies transactions:

Transactions in foreign currency, if any, are converted into functional currency at prevailing exchange rate on the date such transactions are entered into.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies which are stated at historical cost or fair value, are translated into functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of such transaction or the date of determination of fair value respectively.

Resultant loss or gain has been recognized in the statement of comprehensive income, in the year in which such assets are realized or liabilities are discharged.

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

4. Other significant disclosures:

4.1. Related party transactions:

The Company enters into transactions with another company and person that fall within the definition of a related party as per the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs).

The terms of trade with such related parties are based on commercial terms & conditions agreed upon with them by the management.

Related parties with whom the Company had entered into transactions during the year under review comprise of the shareholder, co-subsidiary companies and group companies as stated here under:

<u>Name of the related parties</u>	<u>Control</u>	<u>Relation</u>
M/s Adani Enterprise Limited, India	100% control	Ultimate parent company
M/s Adani Shipping Pte. Ltd., Singapore	100% control	Parent company
M/s Aashna Maritime Inc., Panama	Common control	Co-subsidiary
M/s Rahi Shipping Pte Ltd., Singapore	Common control	Co-subsidiary
M/s Vanshi Shipping Pte. Ltd., Singapore	Common control	Co-subsidiary
M/s Urja Maritime Inc., Panama	Common control	Co-subsidiary
M/s Adani Shipping (India) Pvt. Ltd., India	Common control	Group company
M/s Adani Global FZE, Dubai (U.A.E.)	Common control	Group company
M/s Adani Global DMCC, Dubai (U.A.E.)	Common control	Group company

During the year under review, following transactions were entered into with related parties:

<u>Nature of transactions</u>	<u>2019-20</u> <u>USD</u>	<u>2018-19</u> <u>USD</u>
Revenue:		
- Charter hire income from parent company	8,418,000	8,395,000
Direct cost:		
- Brokerage & commission expenses charged by parent company	315,675	314,813
- Other expenses charged by group company	1,879	994
Other transactions:		
- Vessel management fee charged by group company	120,000	120,000

Amounts due to related parties:

Amounts due to related parties are free of interest.

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

4.2. Financial, capital risk management & fair value information:

a. Credit, liquidity & market rate risk:

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company's cash is placed with banks of repute.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as and when it falls due. The Company's current liabilities exceed its current assets as at the reporting date indicating negative working capital.

However the management has reviewed its Company revenue and cost structures and has concluded that liquid funds will be available and further, shareholder has confirmed that necessary financial assistance will be provided as and when required.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities on contractual undiscounted payments.

	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total USD
Financial liabilities as on March 31, 2020				
Provisions, accruals & other liabilities	122,020	-	-	122,020
Amounts due to related parties	7,213,243	-	-	7,213,243
Finance lease	3,645,005	3,777,711	10,057,009	17,479,725
Total	10,980,268	3,777,711	10,057,009	24,814,988

	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total USD
Financial liabilities as on March 31, 2019				
Provisions, accruals & other liabilities	140,757	-	-	140,757
Amounts due to related parties	4,937,166	-	-	4,937,166
Finance lease	3,393,415	3,516,961	17,479,725	24,390,101
Total	8,471,338	3,516,961	17,479,725	29,468,024

Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as investment prices, interest rates and currency rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return on risk.

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk of variability in profit due to change in interest rates on interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities.

Finance lease carries effective rate of interest @ 7.20% p.a. (previous year @ 7.20% p.a.).

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

Currency risk:

Currency risk faced by the Company is minimal as there are minimal foreign currency transactions. Most of the monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in United States Dollar (USD) only.

However the Company is exposed to following foreign currency risk:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Assets denominated in SGD	3,200	-
Assets denominated in EUR	4,109	-
Assets denominated in INR	139,883	-
Liabilities denominated in SGD	242	20,098
Liabilities denominated in EUR	-	2,567
Liabilities denominated in GBP	-	296
Liabilities denominated in INR	117,602	220,964
Liabilities denominated in JPY	-	121,610
Liabilities denominated in KRW	-	6,793,050

Any fluctuation in the above currency would affect the profitability & consequently the equity & shareholder's funds to that extent

b. Capital management:

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain lender and creditor confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital restrictions except maintaining paid up share capital.

c. Fair value information:

Fair value represents the amount at which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled in an arm's length transaction, between willing & knowledgeable parties. In respect of all the Company's financial assets viz cash & bank balances, receivables, advances, deposits, accrued income and liabilities viz dues to banks, payables, accruals and other non-current liabilities, in the opinion of the management, the book value approximates to their carrying value.

5. Inventories:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Stores & consumables	91,576	148,796
	<u>91,576</u>	<u>148,796</u>

Inventories comprising of lubricants & other consumable items, is based on the declaration of vessel's master and the management certifies that the same is net of any loss arising out of obsolescence.

Aanya Maritime Inc.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

6. Deposits, prepayments & advances:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Deposits	9,928	9,928
Prepayments	16,641	-
Other current assets	54,214	24,891
	<u>80,783</u>	<u>34,819</u>

7. Cash & bank balances/Cash & cash equivalents:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Balance with bank in current account	71,545	87,439
	<u>71,545</u>	<u>87,439</u>

8. Share capital:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Share capital	1,000	1,000
	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>

Share capital of Aanya Maritime Inc. comprises of 50 fully paid up equity shares of USD 20/- each (previous year 50 fully paid up equity shares of USD 20/- each).

9. Reserves & surplus:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Retained earnings	18,741,370	16,278,819
	<u>18,741,370</u>	<u>16,278,819</u>

Aanya Maritime Inc.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

**10. Finance lease:
Vessel**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Due in next 1 year	8,486,250	8,556,000
Due after 1 year but before 5 years	<u>10,578,751</u>	<u>19,065,001</u>
	19,065,001	27,621,001
Less: Future finance charges	<u>(1,585,276)</u>	<u>(3,230,900)</u>
Present value of lease obligation	<u>17,479,725</u>	<u>24,390,101</u>
Due within one year	7,422,716	6,910,376
Due after one year	<u>10,057,009</u>	<u>17,479,725</u>
	<u>17,479,725</u>	<u>24,390,101</u>

The Company entered into "Barecon 2001" Standard Bareboat Charter in respect of the motor vessel for a period of ten years starting from June 2012.

11. Provisions, accruals & other liabilities:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Accrued expenses	<u>122,020</u>	<u>140,757</u>
	<u>122,020</u>	<u>140,757</u>

12. Amounts due to related parties:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Due to parent company	7,212,588	4,936,172
Due to group company	<u>655</u>	<u>994</u>
	<u>7,213,243</u>	<u>4,937,166</u>

Amounts due to related parties are free of interest.

13. Revenue:

	<u>2019-20</u>	<u>2018-19</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Charter hire income	<u>8,418,000</u>	<u>8,395,000</u>
	<u>8,418,000</u>	<u>8,395,000</u>

Aanya Maritime Inc.

Panama City, Republic of Panama

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

14. Direct costs:

	<u>2019-20</u>	<u>2018-19</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Crew charges & other benefits	843,699	847,744
Repairs & maintenance	37,925	31,279
Insurance expenses	202,400	202,485
Brokerage & commission expenses	315,675	314,813
Consumables	389,686	383,909
Vessel management fees	120,000	120,000
Other direct expenses	157,726	159,165
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment	<u>2,163,335</u>	<u>2,163,335</u>
	<u>4,230,446</u>	<u>4,222,730</u>

15. Other income:

	<u>2019-20</u>	<u>2018-19</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Other miscellaneous income	<u>-</u>	<u>500</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>500</u>

16. Marketing costs:

	<u>2019-20</u>	<u>2018-19</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Advertisement & business promotion expenses	<u>2,801</u>	<u>2,696</u>
	<u>2,801</u>	<u>2,696</u>

17. Administrative costs:

	<u>2019-20</u>	<u>2018-19</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Communication expenses	21,079	14,784
Travelling & conveyance expenses	27,375	28,847
Office & other expenses	<u>21,717</u>	<u>30,185</u>
	<u>70,171</u>	<u>73,816</u>

18. Finance costs:

	<u>2019-20</u>	<u>2018-19</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Bank charges	7,427	9,709
Interest on finance lease	<u>1,639,559</u>	<u>2,043,654</u>
	<u>1,646,986</u>	<u>2,053,363</u>

Aanya Maritime Inc.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

19. Other expenses:

	<u>2019-20</u>	<u>2018-19</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Foreign exchange loss - net	<u>5,045</u>	<u>4,773</u>
	<u>5,045</u>	<u>4,773</u>

20. Contingent liabilities:

Except for the ongoing business commitments against which no loss is expected, there has been no known contingent liability or commitments, as on reporting date.

21. Events occurring after the reporting date:

There were no significant events occurring after the reporting date that would materially affect the working or the financial statements of the Company.

Aanya Maritime Inc.
Panama City, Republic of Panama
Schedule to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020
Schedule 1 - Property, plant & equipment:

Particulars	Amount in U.S. Dollars (USD)	
	Vessel	Total
Cost:		
As at March 31, 2019	60,092,635	60,092,635
Additions	-	-
As at March 31, 2020	<u>60,092,635</u>	<u>60,092,635</u>
Accumulated depreciation:		
As at March 31, 2019	14,615,846	14,615,846
For the year	<u>2,163,335</u>	<u>2,163,335</u>
As at March 31, 2020	<u>16,779,181</u>	<u>16,779,181</u>
Net value- March 31, 2020	<u>43,313,454</u>	<u>43,313,454</u>
Net value- March 31, 2019	<u>45,476,789</u>	<u>45,476,789</u>

The Company, under finance lease from 'Amigo Maritime Inc.', operates one 180,000 DWT (93,693 gross tonnage) bulk carrier vessel hull no. PN-073, built by HHIC-PHIL INC., Philippines and registered under 'Aanya' (MV) with Republic of Panama having IMO no. 9592446.