

**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED**  
**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED**  
**31 MARCH 2020**

**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED****FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

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**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED  
CORPORATE INFORMATION**

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		<b>Date appointed</b>
<b>DIRECTORS:</b>	Mr. Pranav Vinod Adani Mr. Pranav Seventi Vora Mr. Mohammad Sehzaad Peerbucus Mr. Louis Ricardo Caillou	31 May 2011 9 February 2012 10 November 2017 10 November 2017
<b>ADMINISTRATOR AND CORPORATE SECRETARY:</b>	<b>Trustlink International Limited</b> Suite 201/2A, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor 1Cybercity Ebene Republic of Mauritius	
<b>REGISTERED OFFICE:</b>	<b>C/o Trustlink International Limited</b> Suite 201/2A, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor 1Cybercity Ebene Republic of Mauritius	
<b>BANKERS:</b>	<b>Bank One Limited</b> 16, Sir William Newton Street Port Louis Republic of Mauritius	
	<b>SBI International Limited</b> 34 Sir William Newton Street, Port Louis, Republic of Mauritius	
	<b>SBM Bank (Mauritius) Ltd</b> SBM Tower, 1 Queen Elizabeth II Avenue, Port Louis, Republic of Mauritius	
<b>AUDITORS:</b>	<b>Nolands (Mauritius)</b> 2, River Court, St Denis Street, Port Louis, Republic of Mauritius	

**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED****COMMENTARY OF THE DIRECTORS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

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The directors present their commentary, together with the audited financial statements of **ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED** (the “Company”) for the year ended 31 March 2020.

**PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activities of the Company are to engage in international trading and investment holding activities.

**RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results for the year are as shown in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and related notes.

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year under review (2019: Nil).

**DIRECTORS**

The directors in office during the year were as stated on page 2.

**STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS’ RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which present fairly the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Mauritius Companies Act 2001. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors have confirmed that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

**AUDITORS**

The auditors, **Nolands (Mauritius)** have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their re-appointment will be proposed at the Annual Meeting of the shareholders.

**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED****CERTIFICATE FROM THE SECRETARY UNDER SECTION 166 (d) OF THE MAURITIUS COMPANIES ACT 2001**

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We certify to the best of our knowledge and belief that we have filed with the Registrar of Companies all such returns as are required of **ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED**, under the Mauritius Companies Act 2001 during the financial year ended 31 March 2020.



.....  
**For Trustlink International Limited  
Secretary**



**Registered address:**  
Suite 201/2A, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor  
1 Cybercity  
Ebene  
Republic of Mauritius

Date: 21 April 2020

## Independent auditors' report

### To the shareholders of ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED

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#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED** (the "Company") which comprise of the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended as set out on pages 8 to 11, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as set out on pages 12 to 24.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2020 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and comply with the Mauritius Companies Act 2001.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("IESBA Code") and have fulfilled our other responsibilities under those ethical requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the directors' report, but does not include the financial statements and our audit report thereon. Our opinion of the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of directors and those charged with governance for the financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2001, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

  
AUDITING & INSIGHT

**To the shareholders of ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED (continued)**

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**Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the planning and performance of the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our audit report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the business activities of the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Independent auditors' report

### To the shareholders of ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED (continued)

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#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Mauritius Companies Act 2001, we report as follows:

- We have no relationship with, or any interests in the Company other than in our capacity as auditors;
- We have obtained all the information and explanations that we required; and
- In our opinion, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company as far as it appears from our examination of those records.

#### Use of this report

This report is made solely for the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 205 of the Mauritius Companies Act 2001. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to the shareholders in our auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

.....  
**Nolands (Mauritius)**  
*Chartered Accountants*  
2, River Court,  
St Denis Street,  
Port Louis,  
Mauritius

.....  
**Khemraj Rajkumarsingh** FCA FCCA  
Signing Partner  
Licensed by FRC

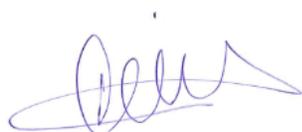
**Date:** 21 April 2020

## ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 USD	2019 USD
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Investment in subsidiary companies	5	44,629,119	44,629,119
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6	1,276,087	1,258,087
		<u>45,905,206</u>	<u>45,887,206</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Prepayments		768	1,243
Cash and cash equivalents	7	68,724	22,248
		<u>69,492</u>	<u>23,491</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u><u>45,974,698</u></u>	<u><u>45,910,697</u></u>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITY</b>			
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Stated capital	8	6,400,000	6,400,000
Retained earnings		39,543,248	39,504,572
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>45,943,248</u>	<u>45,904,572</u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Other payables	9	1,250	6,125
Loan from related party	10	30,200	-
		<u>31,450</u>	<u>6,125</u>
<b>Total equity and liability</b>		<u><u>45,974,698</u></u>	<u><u>45,910,697</u></u>

Approved by the Board of Directors on... 21 April 2020 .....and signed on its behalf by:



Louis Ricardo Caillou  
Director



Mohammad Sehzaad Peerbucus  
Director

The notes on pages 12 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.  
Auditor's report on pages 5 to 7.

## ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> USD	<u>2019</u> USD
<b>INCOME</b>			
Interest income		16	9
Other income		49,800	475
		<u>49,816</u>	<u>484</u>
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Administration fees		7,388	12,307
Audit and professional fees		2,512	2,025
Bank charges		1,240	718
		<u>11,140</u>	<u>15,050</u>
<b>Profit/(loss) before taxation</b>		<b>38,676</b>	<b>(14,566)</b>
Income tax	4	-	-
<b>Profit/(loss) for the year</b>		<b>38,676</b>	<b>(14,566)</b>
<b>Profit/(loss)/total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax</b>		<b><u>38,676</u></b>	<b><u>(14,566)</u></b>

The notes on pages 12 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.  
Auditor's report on pages 5 to 7.

## ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	<u>Stated capital</u> USD	<u>Retained earnings</u> USD	<u>Total</u> USD
At 01 April 2018	6,400,000	39,519,138	45,919,138
Loss/total comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax	-	(14,566)	(14,566)
At 31 March 2019	<u>6,400,000</u>	<u>39,504,572</u>	<u>45,904,572</u>
<b>At 01 April 2019</b>	6,400,000	39,504,572	45,904,572
Profit/total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	38,676	38,676
<b>At 31 March 2020</b>	<u><b>6,400,000</b></u>	<u><b>39,543,248</b></u>	<u><b>45,943,248</b></u>

The notes on pages 12 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.  
Auditor's report on pages 5 to 7.

## ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	USD	USD
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Profit/(loss)/profit before tax	38,676	(14,566)
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Interest income	(16)	(9)
<b>Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes</b>	<u>38,660</u>	<u>(14,575)</u>
Decrease in prepayments	475	(1,243)
(Decrease)/increase in other payables	(4,875)	3,625
<b>Net cash flows generated from/(used in) operations</b>	<u>34,260</u>	<u>(12,193)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Payments for acquisition of investment in subsidiary	(18,000)	-
Interest income	16	9
<b>Net cash flows (used in)/ generated from investing activities</b>	<u>(17,984)</u>	<u>9</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Loan from related party	30,200	-
<b>Net cash flows generated from financing activities</b>	<u>30,200</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<u>46,476</u>	<u>(12,184)</u>
<b>Movement in cash and cash equivalents</b>		
At 01 April,	22,248	34,432
Decrease	46,476	(12,184)
At 31 March,	<u>68,724</u>	<u>22,248</u>

USD

The notes on pages 12 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.  
Auditor's report on pages 5 to 7.

**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED****NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020****1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED (the “Company”), was incorporated in the Republic of Mauritius on the 21 January 1997 as a private company limited by shares in accordance with the Companies Act 2001. The Company has been granted a Category 1, Global Business Licence by the Financial Services Commission, Mauritius. The Company’s registered office is at C/o Trustlink International Limited, Suite 201/2A, 2nd Floor 1Cybercity, Ebene, Republic of Mauritius.

The principal activities of the Company are to engage in international trading and investment holding activities.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020 were authorised for issue on the date the financial statements were approved by the Directors as stamped on the statement of financial position.

**2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES****(a) Basis of preparation**

The Company is the holder of a Category 1 Global Business Licence and has investment in subsidiaries. The Company has elected, in accordance with the Fourteenth Schedule of the Companies Act 2001, Section 12, not to prepare group financial statements in accordance with Section 211 of the Companies Act 2001 “Contents and form of financial statements”.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) except for the application of IFRS-10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* and IFRS 12-*Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities*. Instead of presenting consolidated financial statements of the Group, the Company only presents separate financial statements as described in IAS 27-*Separate Financial Statements*. The Company has taken exemption from the preparation of consolidated financial statements being itself a wholly owned subsidiary of its ultimate parent, Adani Enterprises Limited which produced consolidated financial statements of the group which are available for public use.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, unless otherwise mentioned and are presented in United States Dollar (“USD”). All values are rounded to the nearest dollar, except when otherwise indicated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of accounting estimates. It also requires the directors to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Company’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

*New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not effective for the financial year beginning 01 April 2018 and not early adopted.*

<b>Standards/ Amendments/ Interpretations</b>	<b>Contents</b>	<b>Applicable for financial years beginning on/after</b>
IAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements	01 January 2020
IFRS 3	Business combinations	01 January 2020
IFRS 17	Insurance contract	01 January 2021

**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED****NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

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**2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)****(a) Basis of preparation (Cont'd)**

The director will assess the impact of the new and amended standards, amendments and interpretations when they become effective.

**(b) Foreign currency translation**

- *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the Company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in United States Dollars ("USD").

- *Transactions and balances*

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date and gains or losses on translation are accounted for in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

**(c) Income tax**

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous year.

**(d) Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. Currently enacted tax rates are used to determine deferred tax.

The principal temporary difference arises from tax losses carried forward. Deferred tax assets relating to the carry forward of unused tax losses are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilised.

**(e) Stated capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

**(f) Revenue recognition**

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is accounted for in the period in which it is receivable unless collectability is in doubt.

**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED****NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

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**2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)****(g) Expense recognition**

Expenses are accounted for in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on an accrual basis.

**(h) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

**(i) Payables**

Other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost. The difference between the net proceeds received and the amount payable is recognised over the period of the accrual using the effective interest method.

**(j) Investments in subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries are those entities controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has ability to affect these returns through its power over the entity.

Investments in subsidiaries in the separate financial statements of the Company are carried at cost, net of any impairment. Where the carrying amount of an investment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount and the difference is recognised in profit or loss. Upon disposal of the investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

**(k) Consolidated financial statements**

The Company owns 100% of the issued share capital of ADANI GLOBAL FZE and Adani Global Pte Ltd. The Company, being itself an intermediate parent is required to prepare consolidated financial statements under IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*, effective for accounting periods starting on or after 01 January 2013. The Company has taken advantage of the exemption provided by the Mauritius Companies Act 2001 allowing a wholly owned or virtually owned parent company holding a Category 1 Global Business licence not to present consolidated financial statements which contain financial information about Adani Global FZE and Adani Global Pte Ltd.

Under International Financial Reporting Standards, IFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as a group should have been prepared. However, the Company has taken exemption from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements being itself a wholly owned subsidiary of its ultimate parent, Adani Enterprises Limited which produced consolidated financial statements available for public use.

**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED****NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

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**2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)****(1) Financial instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

**Financial assets**

The Company classifies its financial assets into one of the categories discussed below, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired.

*(i) Amortised cost*

These assets arise principally from the provision of goods and services to customers, but also incorporate other types of financial assets where the objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest. They are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment.

The Company financial asset measured at amortised cost comprise of cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position.

*(ii) Fair value through other comprehensive income*

The Company has investments in unlisted entities which are not accounted for as subsidiaries, associates or jointly controlled entities. For those investments, the Company has made an irrevocable election to classify the investments at fair value through other comprehensive income rather than through profit or loss as the Company considers this measurement to be the most representative of the business model for these assets. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value through other comprehensive income reserve. Upon disposal any balance within fair value through other comprehensive income reserve is reclassified directly to retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

Purchases and sales of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised on settlement date with any change in fair value between trade date and settlement date being recognised in the fair value through other comprehensive income reserve.

**Impairment of financial assets**

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that has occurred since the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event'), has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED****NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

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**2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)****(l) Financial instruments (cont'd)****Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings including payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liability include other payables.

**(m) Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities immediately.

**(n) Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in profit or loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

**(o) Related parties**

Parties are considered to be related to the Company if they have the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the Company or exercise significant influence over the Company in making financial and operating decisions.

**(p) Borrowings**

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction cost) and the redemption value is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED****NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

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**3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS**

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, the disclosure of contingent liabilities. However, uncertainties about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

**Judgements**

In the process of applying the accounting policies, which are described in Note 2, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

**Functional currency**

The determination of the functional currency is critical since recording of transactions and exchange differences arising from there are dependent on the functional currency selected. As described in note 1, the directors have considered those factors described therein and have determined that the functional currency of the Company is the United States Dollar.

**Going concern**

The Company's directors have made an assessment to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Company has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the directors are not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

**4. INCOME TAX**

The deemed foreign tax credit available to Global Business Licence (GBL) companies has been abolished as from 31 December 2018. As from 1 January 2019, an 80% partial exemption has been introduced on specified income which will be exempted from income tax. Companies licensed by the Financial Services Commission, Mauritius will have to satisfy pre-defined substantial activities requirement of the Commission. The existing credit system for relief of double taxation will continue to apply where partial exemption is not available.

However, the deemed foreign tax credit of 80% will continue to apply until 30 June 2021 for a GBL company with a licence issued on or before 16 October 2017. Given that the Company has been licensed on 21 January 1997 it will continue to benefit from a tax credit equivalent to the higher of actual foreign tax suffered or 80% of Mauritius tax payable in respect of its foreign source income thus reducing its maximum effective tax rate to 3% for the year under review.

No Mauritian capital gains tax is payable on profits arising from sale of investments, and any dividends and redemption proceeds paid by the Company to its shareholders will be exempt in Mauritius from any withholding tax.

At 31 March 2020, the Company had an accumulated tax losses amounting to **USD 14,826** (2019: USD 53,502). The tax losses are available for net off against taxable income arising in the forthcoming five years only.

## ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**


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**4. INCOME TAX (CONT'D)**

A tax reconciliation is as follows:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	USD	USD
Profit/(loss) before taxation	<u>38,676</u>	<u>(14,566)</u>
Income tax at 15%	5,801	(2,185)
Non-allowable expenses	-	-
Exempts income	-	(71)
Tax loss utilised	(8,025)	(5,769)
Foreign tax credit	4,641	6,420
Deferred tax assets not recognised	-	-
Tax charge	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Deferred tax

A deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of the accumulated tax losses carried forward as the directors consider that it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused accumulated tax losses can be utilised.

## ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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## 5. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	USD	USD
<i>Unquoted-at cost</i>		
At beginning and end of the year	<u>44,629,119</u>	<u>44,629,119</u>

The details of the investment in subsidiaries as at 31 March 2020 are as follows:

Name of investee companies	Country of incorporation	Class of shares held	Proportion of ownership	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
				At cost USD	At cost USD
Adani Global FZE	U.A.E	Ordinary	100%	3,894,772	3,894,772
Adani Global Pte Ltd	Singapore	Ordinary	100%	40,734,347	40,734,347
				<u>44,629,119</u>	<u>44,629,119</u>

At 31 March 2020, the directors have assessed that the recoverable amount of the investments approximate their carrying amounts and are of opinion that no impairment is required.

## 6. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	USD	USD
<i>Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income</i>		
At beginning of the year	1,258,087	1,258,087
Additions during the year	18,000	-
At end of the year	<u>1,276,087</u>	<u>1,258,087</u>

The details of the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income as at 31 March 2020 are as follows:

Name of equity securities	Country of incorporation	Class of shares held	Proportion of ownership	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
				At fair value USD	At fair value USD
PT Adani Global	Indonesia	Series A	5%	150,000	150,000
PT Adani Global	Indonesia	Series B	5%	1,100,000	1,100,000
PT Adani Global Coal Trading	Indonesia	Equity	5%	26,087	8,087
				<u>1,276,087</u>	<u>1,258,087</u>

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income include the equity investments not held for trading.

## ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**
**7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	USD	USD
Cash at bank	<u>68,724</u>	<u>22,248</u>

Cash at bank held on call deposit accounts bears interest at the prevailing market rate. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash at bank.

**8. STATED CAPITAL**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	USD	USD
<i>Issued share capital</i>		
Ordinary shares	<u>6,400,000</u>	<u>6,400,000</u>

The total number of ordinary share issued is 64,000 shares (2019: 64,000 shares) with a par value of USD 100 per share (2019: USD 100 per share). All issued shares are fully paid.

**9. OTHER PAYABLES**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	USD	USD
Accrued expenses	<u>1,250</u>	<u>6,125</u>

Other payable is interest free, unsecured and repayable within a period of three months.

**10. LOAN FROM RELATED PARTY**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	USD	USD
At beginning of the year	-	-
Advanced during the year	80,000	-
Offset against dividend receivable	(49,800)	-
At end of the year (see note 12)	<u>30,200</u>	<u>-</u>

The loan from related party is interest free, unsecured and repayable within a period of one year from the date of the last disbursement of the loan.

**11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT****(a) Fair values**

The Company's financial assets include financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and cash and cash equivalents and the financial liabilities include other payables and loan from related party, which are realised or settled over their respective period of time. The carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values.

## ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**


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**11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)****(b) Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The type of risk that the Company is exposed in relation to market prices is foreign currency risk.

*Foreign currency risk*

All of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in USD and is therefore not directly exposed to foreign exchange risks.

**(i) Currency risk***Currency profile*

The currency profile of the Company's financial assets and liability are summarised as follows:

	2020		2019	
	Financial assets	Financial liabilities	Financial assets	Financial liabilities
	USD	USD	USD	USD
United States Dollar ("USD")	<b>1,344,811</b>	<b>31,450</b>	1,280,335	6,125

Prepayments of **USD 768** (2018: USD 1,243) has been excluded from the financial assets.

No sensitivity analysis has been performed as currency risk is minimal since all the Company's financial assets and liabilities are denominated in USD.

**(ii) Interest rate risk**

The Company's financial assets and financial liability are principally non-interest bearing except for cash and cash equivalents which are of market interest rates. As a result, the Company is not subject to significant amount of risks due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

## ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**


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**11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)****(iii) Price risk**

Price risk is the risk that the value of the instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether caused by factors specific to the investment or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

**(c) Credit risk**

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company's main credit risk concentrations is cash at bank.

The Company's exposure to credit risk arises from the default of the counterparties, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these financial assets. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	USD	USD
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>68,724</u>	<u>22,248</u>

The financial assets are neither past due nor impaired at the reporting date. The cash and cash equivalents is cash at bank and is maintained with a financial institution having strong credit ratings, thus the credit risk is minimal.

**(d) Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The table overleaf summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities as at 31 March 2020 and 2019, based on contractual undiscounted payments:

## ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

## 11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(d) Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

	On demand	Less than 3 months	Between 1 and 5 years	Total
	USD	USD	USD	USD
<b>2020</b>				
<b>Other payables</b>	-	1,250	-	1,250
<b>Loan from related party</b>	-	-	30,200	30,200
	-	1,250	30,200	31,450
<b>2019</b>				
Other payables	-	6,125	-	6,125

(e) Political, economic and social risks

Political, economic and social factors, changes in countries' laws, regulations and the status of those countries' relations with other countries may adversely affect the value of the Company's assets.

(f) Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for the shareholder and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a balance between its liability and equity level. At 31 March 2020, the Company was not exposed to any capital risk.

(g) Concentration risk

At 31 March 2020, the Company's net assets are not exposed to any concentration risk.

(h) Compliance risk

Compliance risk arises from failure or inability to comply with laws, regulations or codes applicable to the industry. Non-compliance can lead to fines, public reprimands and enforced suspension of operations or, in extreme cases, withdrawal of authorisation to operate. At 31 March 2020, the Company was not exposed to any compliance risk.

**ADANI GLOBAL LIMITED****NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020****12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION**

During the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, the Company transacted with related entity. Details of the nature, volume of transactions and balances with the entity are shown below:

Name of related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	Volume of transaction USD	Balances	
				2020	2019
ADANI GLOBAL FZE	Subsidiary	Loan payable	30,200	<b>30,200</b>	-

**13. IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY**

The directors consider Adani Enterprises Limited, a company incorporated in the Republic of India as the Company's immediate and ultimate holding company.

**14. CONTIGENT LIABILITY**

The Company entered into a corporate guarantee agreement for an amount totalling USD 127,225,701 (2019: USD 164,451,701) for loan facilities provided by 6 different banks to its 100% subsidiary in Dubai. The guarantees terminate upon the closure of working capital facilities availed from respective banks.

**15. CAPITAL COMMITMENT**

The Company had no material commitment at 31 March 2020.

**16. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE**

There were no subsequent events after the end of the reporting period that require adjustments to the financial statements or disclosures to the notes for the period ended 31 March 2020.